

## Brain's Electric Signal vs. Thought

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Abstract – At present, the sole ruling standpoint is that thought is nothing other than the brain's electric (electromagnetic) signals we can measure. This is not true. Thought is more than electrical signals of brain. Thought exists itself as *thought*, it has force and energy that can be move real things. Based on this principle real object, Lajtner Machine, has been invented.

At present, the sole ruling standpoint is that thought is nothing other than the brain's electric (electromagnetic) signals we can measure. These electric signals are capable of leaving the brain and going outside one's head. Thus, they are detectable with sensors (placed on the head - for example, EEG) or other devices with no direct bodily contact (for example CT, MRI, MRS).

If we examine the spectrum of electromagnetic radiation, the brain's waves fall within the spectrum of 0.02-600Hz [1]. The energy of these waves is well known from Planck law [2], [3].

- Currently, the brain's electric (electromagnetic) signals play an important role in medical diagnosis. Moreover, with the use of sensors targeting appropriate parts of the brain, we are able to operate various equipment – for example, a computer through brain-computer interface. [4]
- A brain-computer interface only works if we have an appropriate database (or function based on earlier measurements) at our disposal. Essentially, this database (function) is a dictionary which shows what the brains electric signal “A” is produced as a result of thought “AA”. For instance, the database detects brain electric signal “A”, identifies thought “AA”, and sends a signal to the computer on this basis.
- Today Brain-Internet-Brain interfaces already exist [5], connecting the brains of two individuals (Sender and Receiver) via Internet. The electric signal of Sender's brain sent via Internet to the Receiver stimulates a certain part in the brain of the Receiver. The Receiver's brain recognizes the electric signal from the outside as though it were its own thought, and the Receiver's body carries out the mental command – e.g., raising an arm. Again, a key component of this method is the aforementioned database. Installation and configuration of brain-to-brain interface devices would not be possible without it.

From this procedure, we may obtain a more general picture, which is fundamentally important in order to understand the following content. With their own thoughts, humans are capable of operating and affecting that which is outside their own brain and body: brain of another humans. **On the other hand, humans are capable of processing thoughts that do not originate from their own brains and carrying them out as if they were their own.** The Brain-Internet-Brain interface demonstrates this.

The procedures above mentioned are founded upon the brain's electric or electromagnetic activity – the low-energy, low-frequency signals of the brain. With this amount of energy, it is not possible to move objects. Since the brain does not radiate waves of greater energy (e.g., microwaves), it is not possible to move objects with thoughts. This is the official standpoint of science today.

This, however, is contradicted by the fact that the Lajtner Machine is set into motion by thought, and this can be seen with a camera or the naked eye. Indeed, a computer can analyze the resulting motion.

The Lajtner Machine is nothing other than an object – visible to the naked eye or invisible – that moves with thoughts.

In order to understand the principle of the Lajtner Machine, we must consider thoughts as more than just the brain's electric waves. Thoughts are modifications of time, where time is not a fourth dimension of space-time but the product of cooperation of space and mass (and other non space objects) [6].

This new explanation makes it possible to explain how thought contains the amount of energy it actually contains, enough to set objects in motion. The Lajtner Machine is an object of such little mass or built that way that moving it requires energy equal to or smaller than that of thought. In this sense, the Lajtner Machine is not a machine, but a whatever. The expression “Lajtner Machine” is intended as a common name for all objects that are set in motion by thought. This type of thought I call *moving thought*.

Many Lajtner Machines are known, so it is surprising that nobody can explain how they work. This is why, up until now, no one has been able to develop them. At present, the only viable and scientifically defensible explanation is my own theory, which is in tune with phenomena and standard model of physics and the workings of moving thought. [7] Based upon this, I have assembled Box 1 of the Lajtner Machine.

This Box 1 contains simple, easy-to-manufacture objects. What they have in common is that their thought-induced motion can be seen with the naked eye. The box also contains software which – beyond motion – is capable of recognizing mental intentions (yes-no signals) in users who are already able to operate the Lajtner Machine, although its operation is still uncertain. A camera records this motion.

I decided upon very simple objects, where the resulting motion is visible, because the kit contains no black box. This makes it easy to understand. This also makes it is easy to replicate. (Fencing this would be a significant marketing task.) Still, this design is necessary to convince people that they are able to move objects with their thoughts. *In my experience*, this is the hardest obstacle to overcome. People do not believe it for themselves. That is why a computer and camera are necessary, so later they can confirm that what happened actually happened.

1. Why is there need for the Lajtner Machine?

So people can learn the moving thought. In order to use it, they must learn a special type of concentration.

2. Why is there a need to learn how to use moving thought?

Because the physiological and economic effects of moving thought are inestimable. What is it possible to move?

- Visible objects ("big" objects) – for example, the Bun G figure. See [www.lajtnermachine.com](http://www.lajtnermachine.com).
- Invisible objects – for example, electrons in a semiconductor. This, too, works. I have an (electron-moving) model which was shown, in an earlier version, on my website. At present, I do not wish to propagate it, since this is the following step. After perfecting moving thought, many customers will be able to operate a sensor in which the motion is only accomplished by invisible electrons – which, for example, could be built into cell phones. This is a completely new market.
- Moving thought works upon living cells as well. Under a microscope, it is possible to see how easily a living cell may be directed with thought. [7] In this case, the cell is also a Lajtner Machine. Hence, it is immediately apparent why moving thought and the Lajtner Machine are important. With moving thought, people are easily capable of effecting appreciable changes in bodies and brains – their own or other people's. Box No. 1 of the Lajtner Machine practically leads one to this point. I thought much about what to include in the first box. What was essential has been included; what remains will be included in the next box.

Finally, I must stress the main difference between devices based upon electric activity of the brain and devices based upon the working principle of the Lajtner Machine. With the Lajtner Machine, no database (no function) is necessary. The Lajtner Machine reveals thought *in its true form*. I need only think *Move*, and the object *moves*.

If we recall the brain-Internet-brain interface, we can sense the immeasurable importance of this phenomenon. *Moving thought* is capable of altering thoughts in third parties, so they believe the new thought is one of their own. Because of the danger that this entails, I have waited years before bringing the Lajtner Machine to the market. How can we prevent this danger? Simply by having people recognize the manipulative thoughts. The Lajtner Machine teaches both how to create and how to recognize and repel manipulative moving thought.

This is a new territory for science and technology. The Lajtner Machine constitutes completely new technology, Lajtner Machine is the first step in the science called Thought Technology.

That is, why I call Box 1 Lajtner Machine Revolution 1.1. This small box change revolutionary our worldview containing small revolving thought-run things.

## References

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